

ATS 2010

EPREUVE D'ANGLAIS *Commune à tous les candidats*

Durée 1h

I - Structure of the language

Give the right answer

- 1) Charles succeeded _____ the game.
A) to win B) win C) winning D) in winning
- 2) I am used _____ coffee at breakfast.
A) drink B) to drink C) to drinking D) drinking
- 3) He used _____ a lot when he was working.
A) smoke B) to smoking C) to smoke D) smoking
- 4) It's no use _____ it's all over now.
A) crying B) to cry C) cry D) to crying
- 5) His wife could not bear _____ anymore and left him.
A) his drink B) his drinking C) that he drinks D) him to drink
- 6) They all suggested _____ early.
A) to start B) starting C) being started D) having to start
- 7) _____ in public was the difficult part.
A) Speak B) The speaking C) Speech D) Speaking
- 8) I'd rather stay than _____.
A) go B) to go C) going D) I go
- 9) Nobody _____ Mary knew about it .
A) but B) but for C) otherwise D) unlike
- 10) Let's meet _____ 10.
A) on B) in C) within D) at
- 11) She depends on her secretary for _____.
A) advice B) advise C) counsel D) council
- 12) The boss had Mr. Smith _____ the report.
A) sent B) send C) sending D) sends
- 13) Please help me _____ the door!
A) opening B) to opening C) open D) opened
- 14) I suggest she _____ to him.
A) to write B) writes C) writing D) write **2**

- 15) She _____ about the accident before it was announced.
A) would hear B) heard C) has heard D) hears
- 16) They have ordered a pizza _____ it has not arrived yet.
A) and B) in addition C) but D) because
- 17) _____ it was late, he stayed on to finish his work.
A) Whereas B) Since C) While D) Although
- 18) Remember _____ your passport tomorrow.
A) to bring B) bringing C) you bring D) of bringing
- 19) I don't remember _____ this before.
A) to hear B) hearing C) to hearing D) I heard
- 20) Remind me _____ the office tomorrow.
A) of calling B) to call C) calling D) call
- 21) How long _____ each other when they got married?
A) have they been B) do they know C) did they know D) had they known
- 22) It's the first time I _____ this.
A) I read B) I have read C) I would read D) I did hear
- 23) Would you like _____ more tea?
A) some B) any C) no D) not
- 24) I only have _____ relatives in London.
A) few B) a little C) no D) a few
- 25) After Easter, there were _____ customers in the shops.
A) not B) hardly any C) any D) hardly few
- 26) Your hair is too long, it needs _____.
A) to cut B) cut C) being cut D) cutting
- 27) It is vital that he _____ the password ;
A) remembers B) remembered C) will remember D) remember
- 28) Would you mind _____ louder, I can't hear.
A) to speak B) speaking C) speak D) to speaking
- 29) It's not going to rain, you _____ take your umbrella.
A) needn't B) don't need C) mustn't D) have not to
- 30) I'd rather _____ than _____.
A) to eat/to drink B) eating/drink C) eat/drinking D) eat/drink
- 31) Do you think you _____ by next week?
A) will finish B) will have finished C) have finished D) would finish
- 32) If you wish to see him, you _____ leave early.
A) should B) ought C) had to D) would **3**

33) I'll do it when I _____ ready.

A) will be B) would be C) was D) am

34) He broke _____ leg last month.

A) the B) his C) a D) has

35) Jenny is _____ of the two sisters.

A) youngest B) the youngest C) the younger D) younger

36) _____ do you call this strange object?

A) How B) What C) Which D) Whose

37) It is _____ expensive, I cannot afford it.

A) so B) such C) a such D) such a

38) Britain is a country _____ traditions are kept alive.

A) which B) of which C) whose D) that

39) Your car will be ready _____ Tuesday.

A) within B) until C) by D) next to

II Error Recognition

Find the errors in the sentences below (ONE error per sentence)

40) I have been looking at that car, but which it is too expensive for me.

A B C D

41) If I had the time I would have done it much sooner.

A B C D

42) Most students I met while I was in Chicago had a scholarship.

A B C D

43) They moved closer to the city last year as they were tired for driving so much everyday.

A B C D

44) He learnt French since 12 years, but has forgotten most of it.

A B C D

45) Could you please tell me where is the station as I am a stranger in this town.

A B C D

46) She said me I would have to be on time at the ceremony tomorrow.

A B C D

47) If I had set my alarm, I wouldn't wake up late. But I forgot and when I woke up, it

was already 11 in the morning.

D

48) We plan to have a picnic on Sunday but it all depends of the weather, since it has been

A

B

C

raining a lot lately

D

49) Applications for the conference on engineer techniques will be closed on Tuesday.

50) John can lend a computer from his friend because his is out of order.

A

B

C

D

III Reading Comprehension

“Reinventing your PC Password”

If you're a typical web user, you have 6.5 passwords, each of ____51____ is used at four sites, and you're forced to ____52____ one eight times ____53____ day. Your employer likely makes you create a new one every three ____54____. At some point, you've ____55____ scrawled a password on a Post-it, e-mailed one to yourself, or made other security-breaching concessions to the impossibility of ____56____ so many strings of gobbledygook. Today we don't have passwords so much as coping systems. There has to be a better way – and it's taking ____57____ inside Carnegie Mellon University's CyLab, where professors are studying not just the mathematical theory behind passwords but the way humans ____58____ use them. They're sceptical of ____59____, like iris ____60____ (great in the movies; expensive and flawed in the real world), and accept that for regular people accessing Websites and PC's ____61____ are what we're stuck with. Their findings call into ____62____ virtually everything you've been told about what ____63____ a password “strong”. And they take the radical stance that you, the ____64____, should be listened to when passwords become overbearing, not yelled at when you ____65____ them.

A better ____66____ is to use the phrase itself: a passphrase. ____67____ are often easier to remember, and simple math shows that a ____68____ password of memorable stuff-even just 16 letters total-can be exponentially more difficult to ____69____ than a ____70____ one made of gibberish.

Newsweek Nov, 9, 2009

51) A) one B) which C) who D) whom

52) A) tape B) write C) type D) show

53) A) per B) by C) on D) one

54) A) month B) months C) days D) day

55) A) likely B) luckily C) maybe D) probably

56) A) memorize B) reminding C) memorizing D) remember

57) A) shape B) form C) shaping D) time

58) A) currently B) actually C) presently D) formerly

59) A) biology B) bioscience C) biometrics D) biopsy

60) A) scanner B) data C) scanning D) image

- 61) A) password B) login C) logins D) passwords
- 62) A) question B) questions C) mind D) force
- 63) A) is B) do C) makes D) does
- 64) A) login B) user C) researcher D) student
- 65) A) remember B) remind C) recall D) forget
- 66) A) thought B) approach C) probability D) memory
- 67) A) passwords B) logins C) passphrases D) numbers
- 68) A) shorter B) smaller C) cheaper D) longer
- 69) A) crack B) use C) remember D) forget
- 70) A) little B) short C) cheap D) big